# Vandenberg Jr. Is Selected As Eisenhower's Secretary

# W. P. Rogers, Former Aide to Dewey, Named Deputy Attorney General

By RUSSELL PORTER

Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, President-elect, yesterday named Arthur H. Vandenberg Jr., 45 years old, of Grand Rapids, Mich., to be Secretary to the President, and William P. Rogers, 39, a war veteran of Bethesda, Md., to be Deputy Attorney General.

Mr. Vandenberg, who aided his father, the late Senator Vandenberg, in the development of bipartisan foreign policy, will have as one of his duties the supervision of the new President's engagements. He has been closely associated with General Eisenhower for some time.

Mr. Rogers has been chief counsel for Senate investigating committees which, according to a statement from Eisenhower headquarters, brought forth evidence of "influence peddling, corruption and disloyalty in the Federal Government." When Governor Dewey was District Attorney of New York County, Mr. Rogers was one of his aides. He also served under District Attorney Frank S. Hogan.

In an interview, Mr. Rogers, who is a New York and Washington



Arthur H. Vandenberg Jr.

lawyer, promised to sever all his private legal connections to help General Eisenhower and Herbert Brownell Jr., who will be Attorney General, to clean up the government and restore "the prestige of

Continued on Page 42, Column 3

### The New York Times

Published: November 27, 1952 Copyright © The New York Times

## EISENHOWER NAMES 2 MORE TOP AIDES

### Continued From Page 1

public service, integrity and public morality," and to cooperate fully with Congress and Congressional committees.

Mr. Brownell received a visit at Eisenhower headquarters from Senator Alexander Wiley of Wisconsin, member of the United States delegation to the United Nations General Assembly and ranking Republican member of the Senate Judiciary Committee; Robert Morris, chief counsel of the Senate Internal Security subcommittee, and Roy M. Cohn, special Assistant Attorney General in charge of anti-subversive activities.

According to Senator Wiley, they discussed subversive problems, particularly in the United Nations. Mr. Morris and Mr. Cohn have recently been investigating charges of subversion against United Nations employes. Mr. Morris said his committee, of which Senator Pat McCarran, Nevada Democrat, is chairman, would resume hearings Monday.

General Eisenhower spent a crowded day seeing visitors at his Commodore Hotel headquarters but will take today off for Thanksgiving dinner at his home, 60

Morningside Drive.

#### Two Cabinet Posts Still Open

Eisenhower headquarters will remain open today, and two more appointments of high officials in the new administration are expected to be announced this afternoon. James C. Hagerty, the President-elect's press secretary, said there would be a heavy schedule of work at headquarters tomorrow, Saturday and Sunday, with more job appointments to be announced. Two Cabinet posts remain to be filled, those of Secretary of Commerce and Secretary of Labor.

Mr. Hagerty announced expanded plans for news coverage of General Eisenhower's coming trip to Korea. These call for the President-elect to be accompanied by three reporters, representing The Associated Press, The United Press and The International News Service; two "pool" photographers and one "pool" radio representative. It had previously been planned to take only one reporter, one still photographer and one newsreel photographer

tographer.

News and pictures will not be released until after General Eisen-

hower has left Korea.

The press representatives will be Don Whitehead of The Associated Press, Merriman Smith of The United Press and Bob Considine of The International News Service. Frank Jurkoski of International News Photos will represent the photo services and Life magazine pool. Dave Oliver of Pathe News will represent the pooled newsreel television and coverage, Everett Holles of the Mutual Broadcasting System will represent the combined radio networks.

Mr. Hagerty said the television networks had arranged for a special pool operation once General Eisenhower reached Korea. He said that in Korea any pool operations involving television would be covered by Julius Zenier of the National Broadcasting Company, who has been designated as the TV pool cameraman in Korea.

Announcing yesterday's appointments, Mr. Hagerty said the President-elect, after his inauguration on Jan. 20, would send Mr. Rogers' nomination as Deputy Attorney General to the Senate for confirmation. The nomination will be acted on by the Senate Judiciary Committee. Mr. Rogers said:

"Over the week-end Mr. Brownell and I had a chance to talk about his new job. He told me that he will have two major aims. First, he plans to recruit the most able and conscientious group of public servants available who will dedicate themselves to the cause of integrity in government. He expects and will demand that those who serve their Government set a good example. This is of the first importance because the public cannot be expected to take the laws very seriously if those who are in a position to enforce them are not honest and above reproach. Second, Mr. Brownell intends that his department will enforce the laws of this nation with real vigor and devotion so that the trend of the last several years toward a breakdown in public morality will be reversed.

"The President-elect believes that the public is sick and tired of corruption. The new Attorney General, and the whole Department of Justice which he heads, will conduct a vigorous campaign of

law enforcement."

## Rogers New to Politics

In reply to questions, Mr. Rogers said he was a Republican but had never taken any part in party politics until he helped Mr. Brownell prepare the fight over contested Southern delegates to the Republican National Convention in Chicago last July. He said he served in the District Attorney's office here as an independent.

The Vandenberg announcement was made by Mr. Hagerty in the name of Gov. Sherman Adams of New Hampshire, who has been designated by General Eisenhower as Assistant to the President, and who will serve as the President-elect's right-hand man at the White House. The appointment will be made after the inauguration.

Referring to his twenty-one years in Washington with his father, Mr. Vandenberg said: "Congress and the Washington scene will not be new to me."

Among General Eisenhower's visitors yesterday was Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, Assistant Secretary of Defense in charge of manpower, who returned Sunday from a trip to Korea. Asked whether she was going to remain in the Government after the change in administration, Mrs. Rosenberg replied:

"I went to the Defense Department for eight months at the request of Gen. [George C.] Marshall. I have been there two years and three months, and I think that's long enough for anybody."

But, she added, if there were

anything she could do for General Eisenhower, she would be glad to do it.

Gov. Theodore R. McKeldin of Maryland, who placed General Eisenhower in nomination at Chicago, called on the President-elect and discussed plans for developing continued Republican strength in the South. The Governor said the Eisenhower Administration would crack down on corruption, "some of which has not even been suspected."

He also predicted that the Korean war would "no longer be secondary to the defense plans for Europe," but would become "the nation's most important problem."

Merlyn S. Pitzele, chairman of the New York State Mediation Board and labor editor of Business Week, a magazine, visited the President-elect, but refused to comment when asked whether he was slated for an administration post, or whether he knew who would be named Secretary of Labor. He said he and General Eisenhower had discussed "some of the obvious problems which have to be dealt with in the field of labor and race relations."

Mr. Pitzele paid a second visit to General Eisenhower in company with James Mitchell, vice president of Bloomingdale's store, who served as director of industrial manpower in the War Department in World War II. After seeing the President-elect, both men declined comment.

John Foster Dulles, designated by the President-elect to be Secretary of State, visited Eisenhower headquarters and conferred with Karl Gruber, Austrian Foreign Minister, on the Austrian peace treaty and other problems.

Other visitors to Eisenhower headquarters included Sinclair Weeks, chairman of the Republican Finance Committee; Laurence F. Lee, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce; Brig. Gen. Cornelius Wickersham, retired, a New York attorney who served on General Eisenhower's wartime staff, and George Mantzavinos, governor of the Bank of Greece.